

# Business Information Systems utilizing the Future Internet

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# Overview of presentation

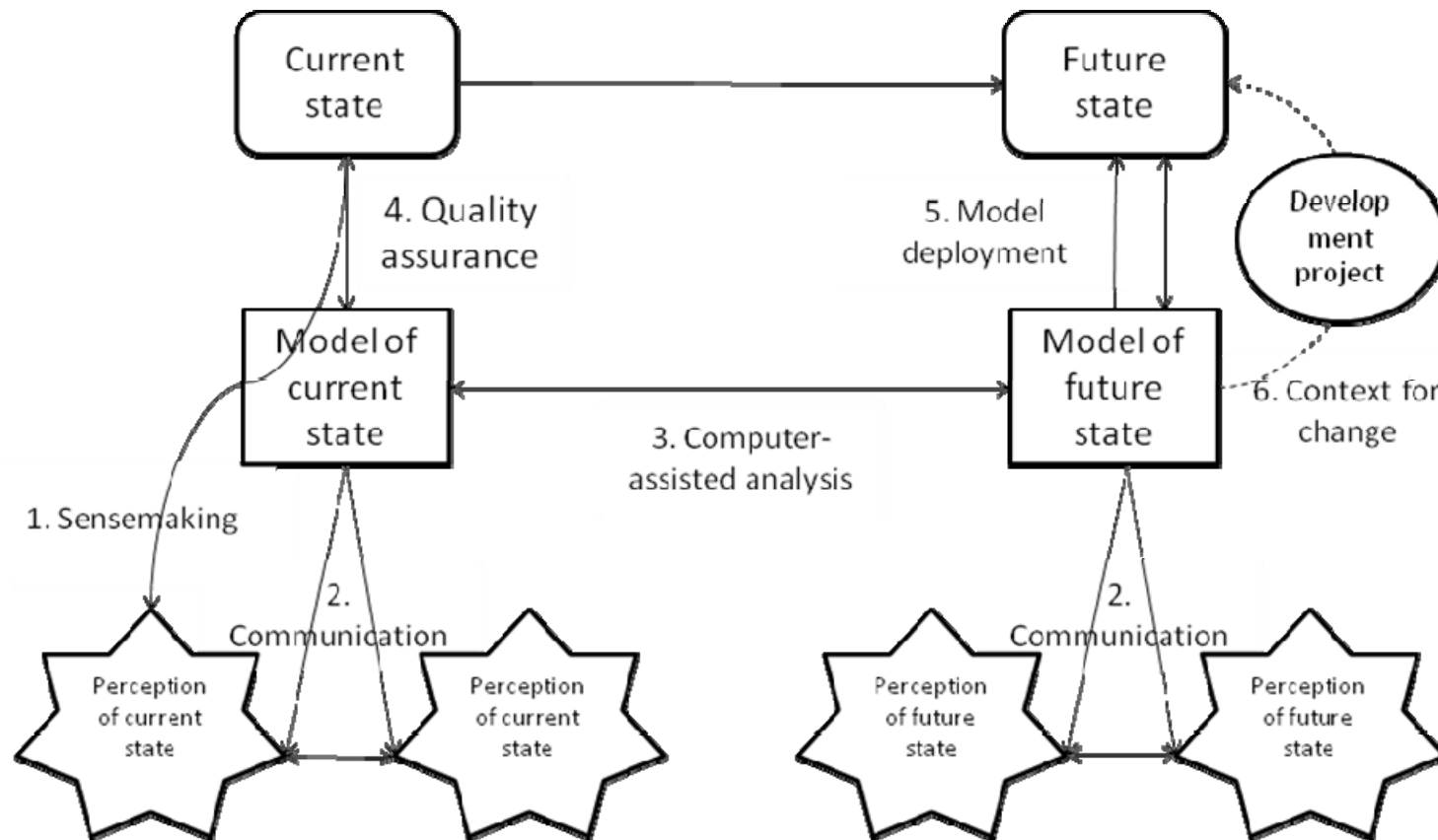
- Background
  - On me
  - On modeling
  - On overall trends in business and society
  - On the Future Internet
- Trends and challenges for business information systems
  - Examples
  - Role of modeling
- Conclusion

# Short background on me

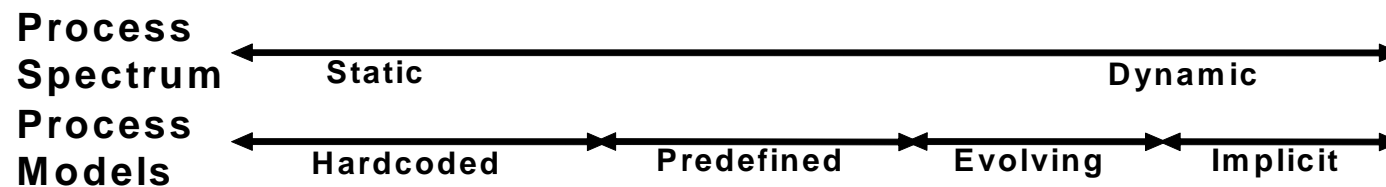
- Master and PhD in Information Systems (1991, 1995), modeling techniques, quality of modeling in particular
- Employed 9 years in Andersen Consulting (Accenture)
- 2000-2005 SINTEF ICT (Oslo)
- Professor at IDI, NTNU, Trondheim, Norway 1.August 2005.
- Leader of Strategic Area ICT at NTNU, coordinate cross-disciplinary ICT research at the university (health informatics, eGovernment etc)
- Leader of IFIP WG 8.1 on Design and Evaluation of Information Systems (EMMSAD, POEM, BPMDS ME...)



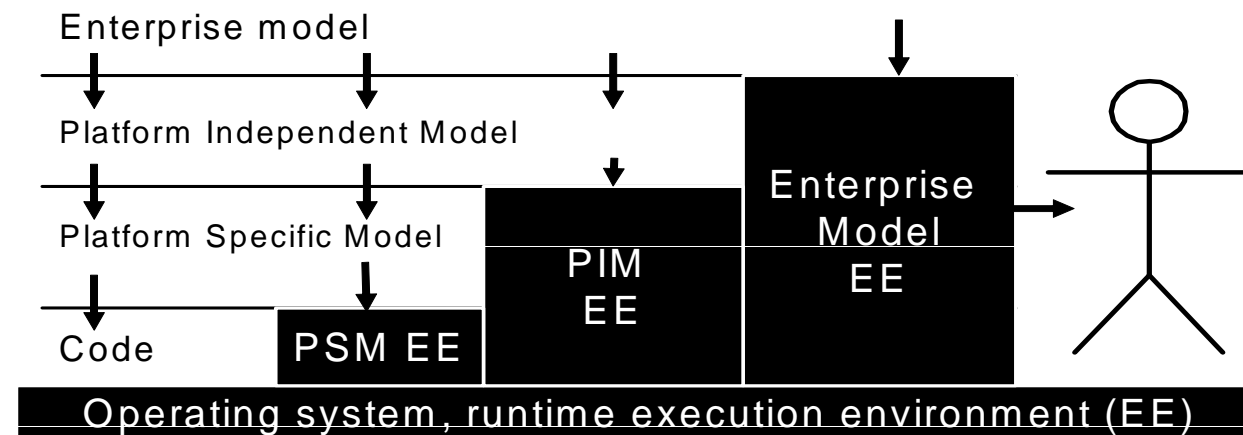
# Usage of modeling and models



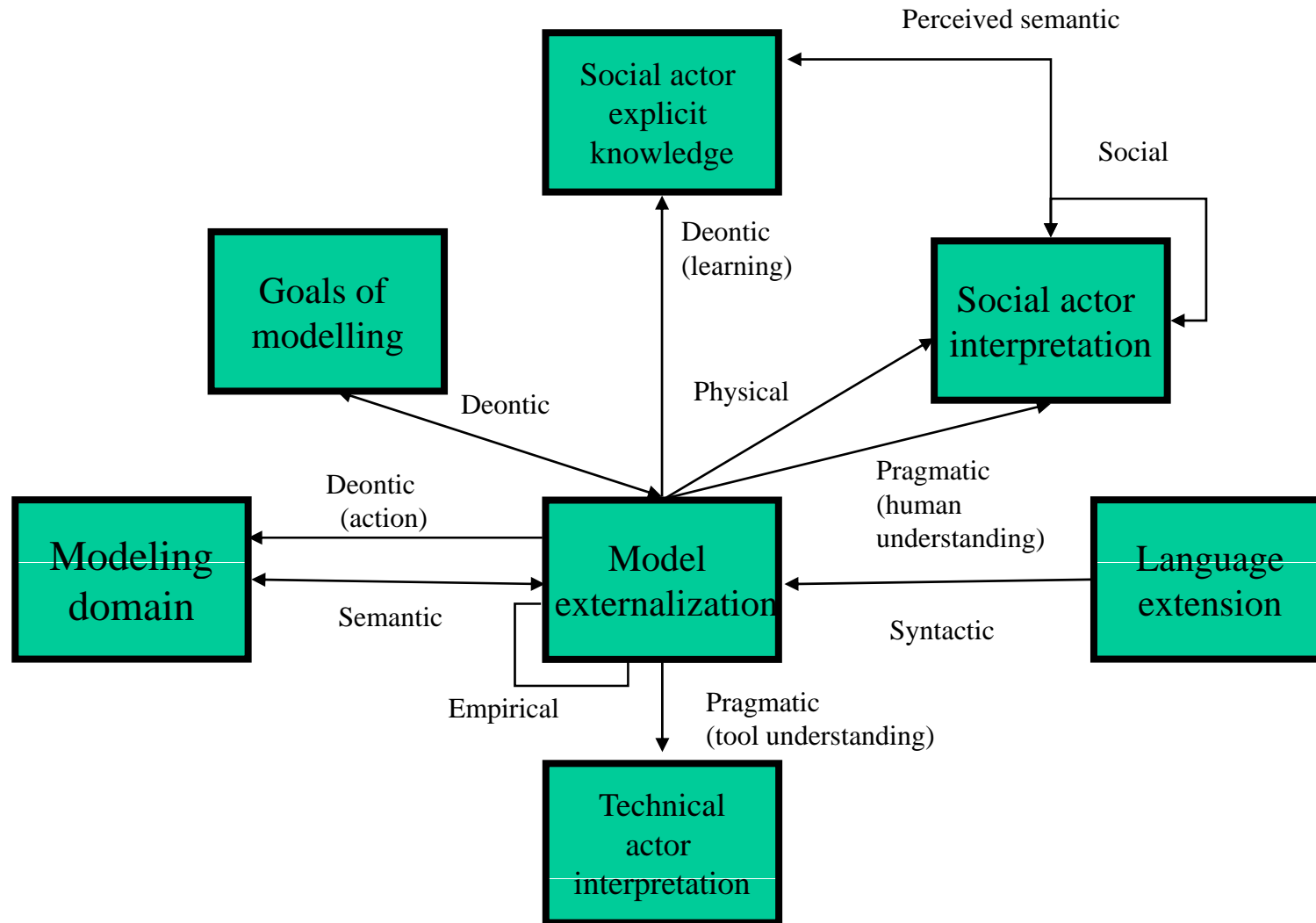
# Different execution environment for different process models



## Model-driven solutions:



# Quality of Models - SEQUAL



## Societal and political trends

- Globalization
  - Towards sustainability
  - Demographics
  - Geo-politics
  - Individualization
- > How we perform business needs to change
- > The way we develop and evolve business information systems need to change

## Business trends (from FINES – Future Internet Enterprise Systems )

- The disappearing boundaries of the Enterprise.
- The larger role for SMEs.
- The *WhatYouSenseIsWhatYouGet* (WYSIWYG) Enterprise
- A Knowledge Commons for Enterprises
- Enterprises spanning the real and the virtual world



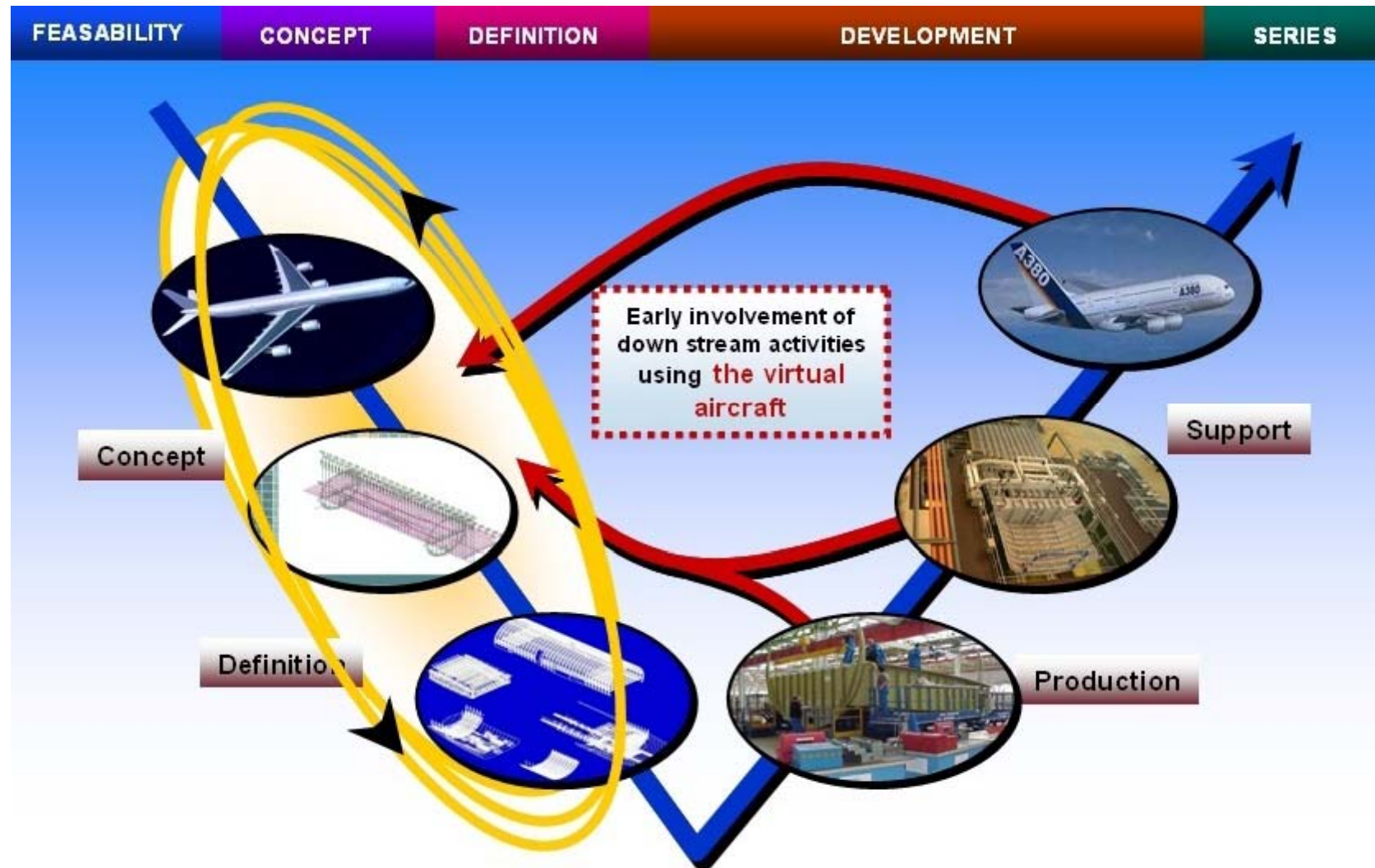
# Future internet

- Description from 7FP ICT program : *The **Future Internet**, both **evolutions** of the current and **completely new** network and service infrastructures, are key developments. In the shorter term, breakthroughs are expected from the integration of (IP-based) networking and service development tools into open platforms for the **development of innovative internet-empowered applications**. In the longer term, breakthroughs like all-optical networks combined with **advances in wireless communication, sensor networks, computing, autonomic network/service management capabilities, trust and security** are expected to yield totally new network architectures and systems.*
- Focus (in Norway) on development according to
  - Mobile internet
  - Social networks
  - Internet of Things

## Overall technological trends

- The support of end-to-end design and engineering process (including full life-cycle support of products)
- Integration across organizations and nations
- Information systems being provided by ecosystems of providers rather than individual providers
- Event-oriented systems utilizing the internet of things

## End-to-end engineering process – example Virtual Aircraft for Early Involvement of Downstream Activities



# Aker Project Execution Model



## Concept Execution

## HSE in Design

## System Engineering

Global Eng., P&ID, Line List  
Databases & Registers

## Procurement

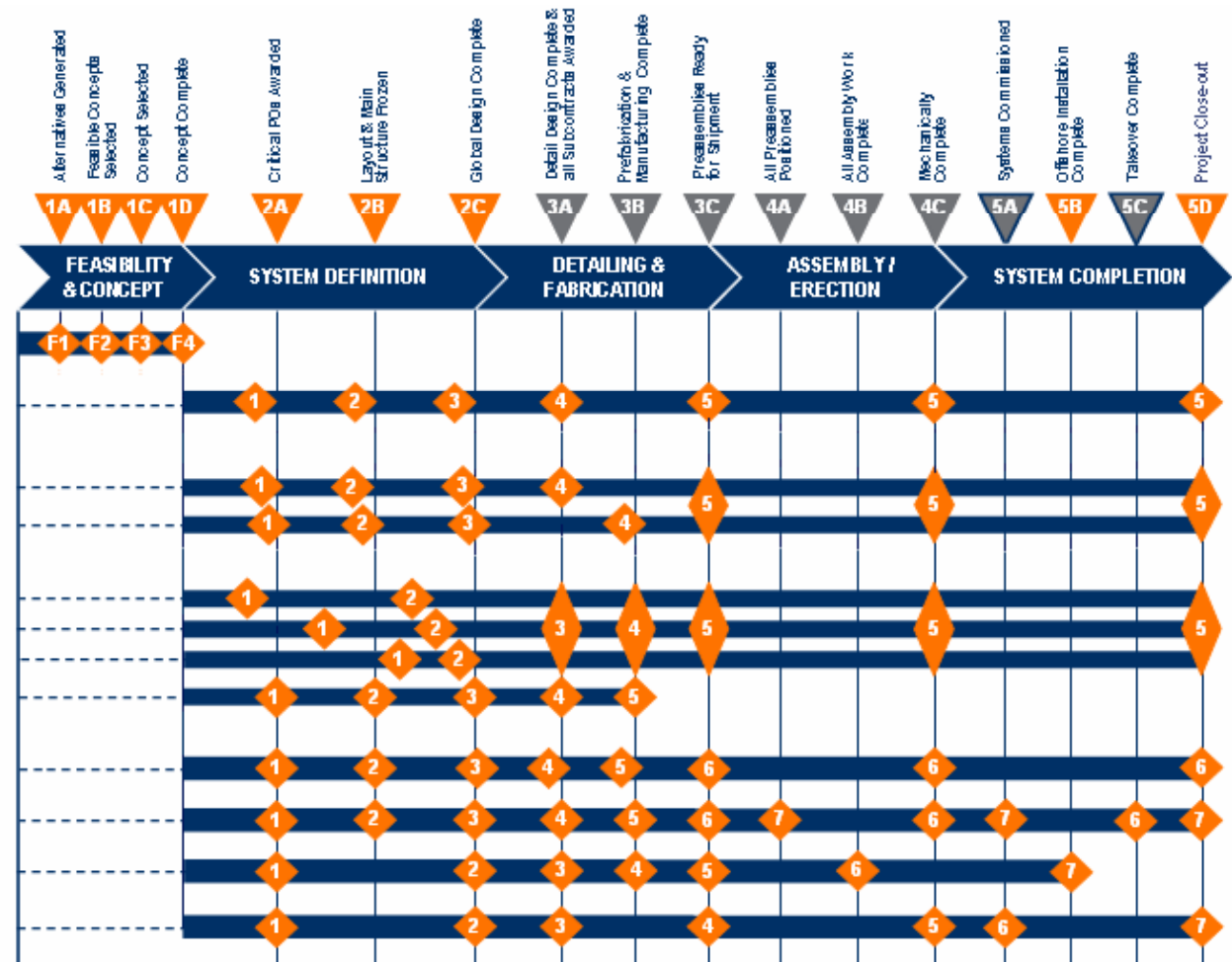
1st priority Equipment  
2nd priority Equipment  
3rd priority Equipment  
Bulk Material/MTQ

## Layout & 3D Model

## Sub-contracting

## Fabrication/Construction

## Completion



Relationship: Milestone – QL – Status

General Control Object Status

Document Milestone Chains

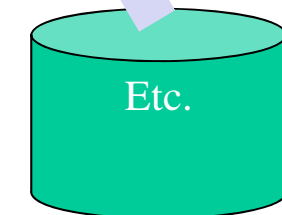
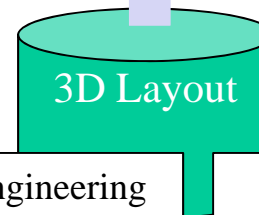
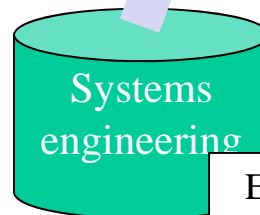
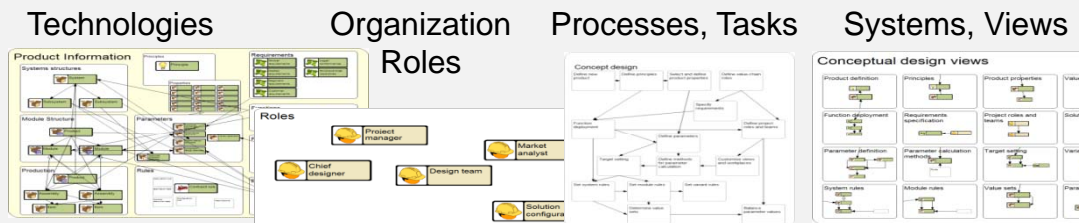
# Model-driven approach for collecting and distributing existing information

Workplaces  
for roles

Update of  
data in  
core  
systems



Active  
Knowledge  
Architecture



Engineering  
Numbering  
System

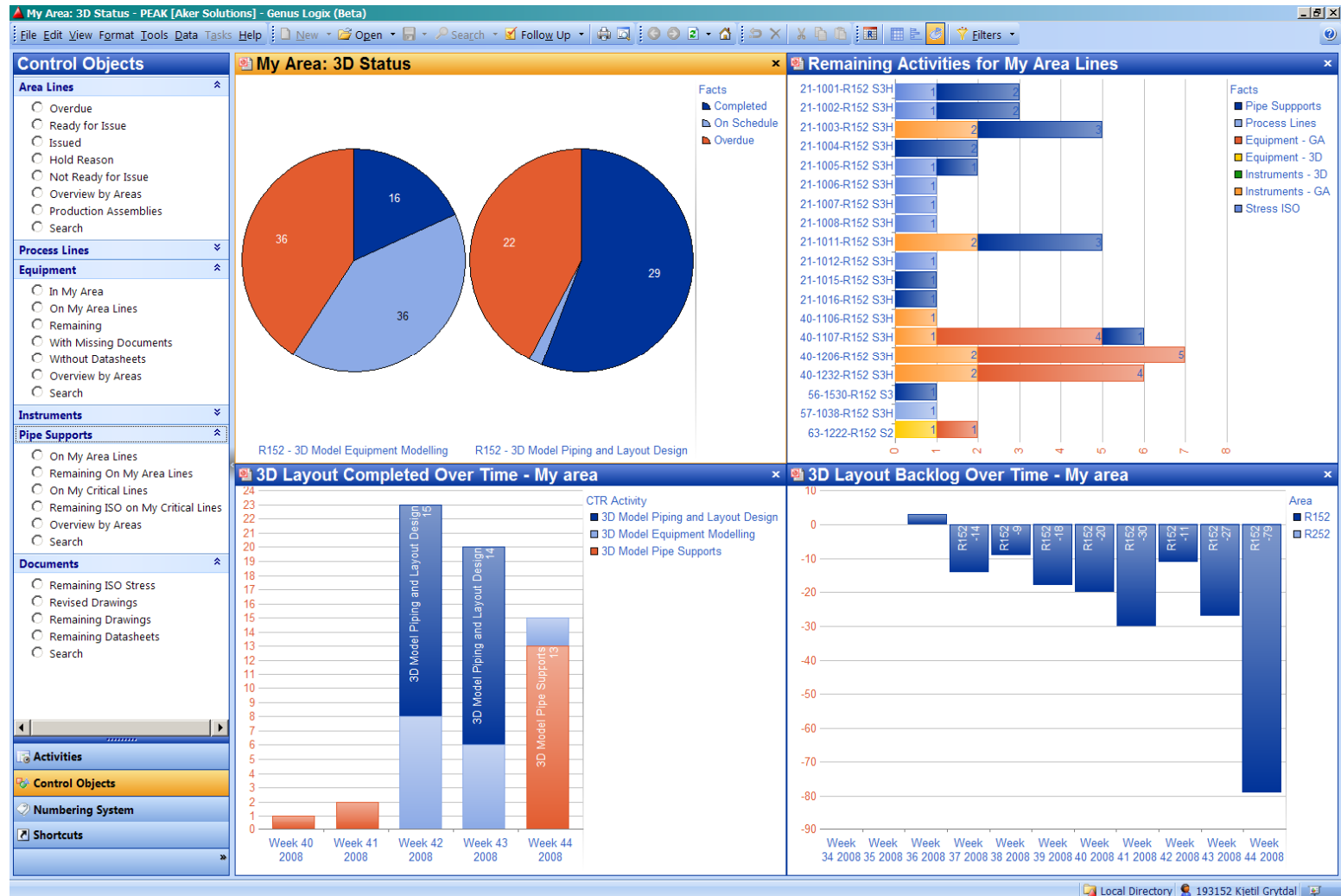
Project  
Execution  
Model

# Model-generated workplaces

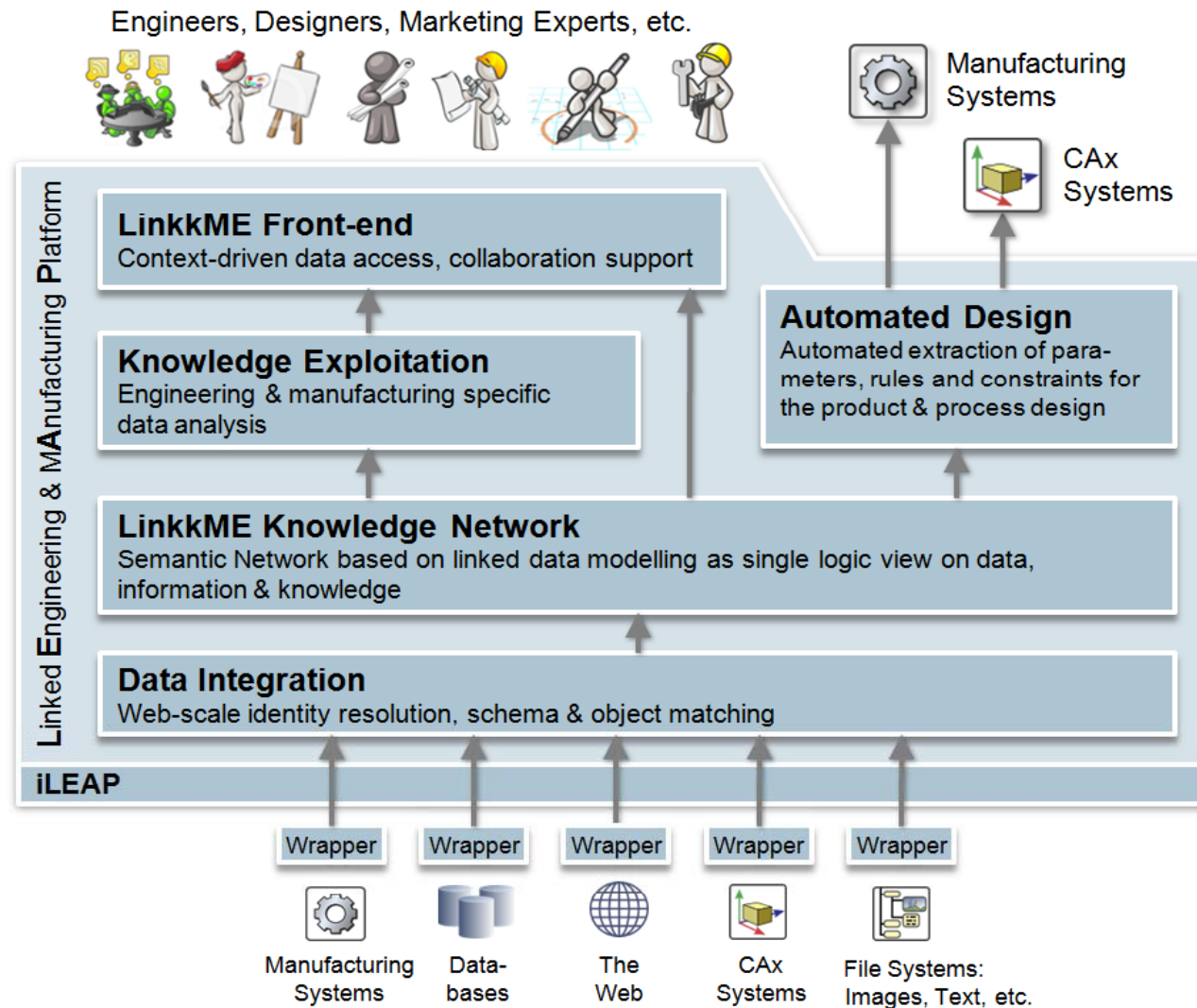




# Workplace for Piping Engineer



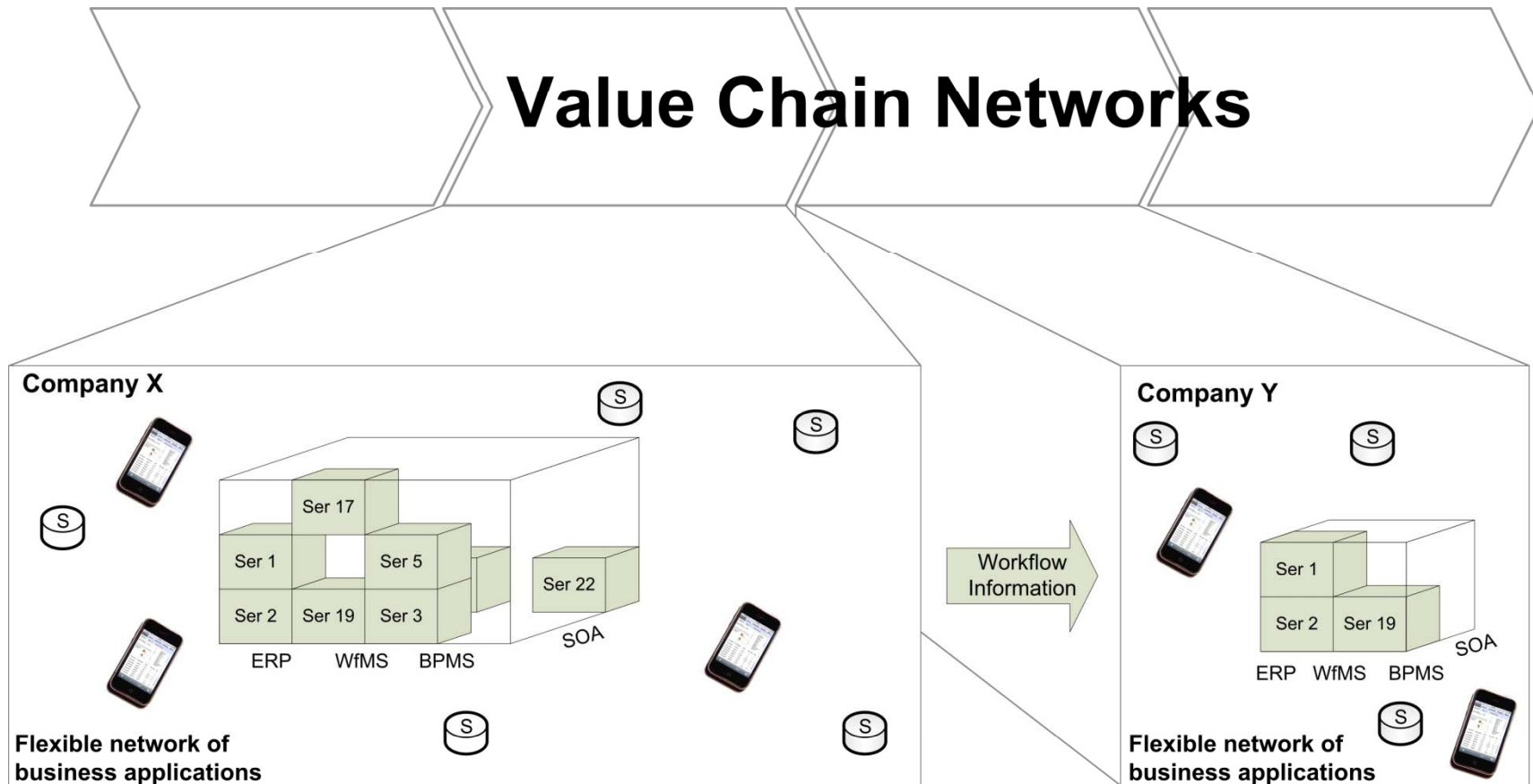
# EU project starting next week (SAP, NTNU + 10 more partners)





# From one to several organizations

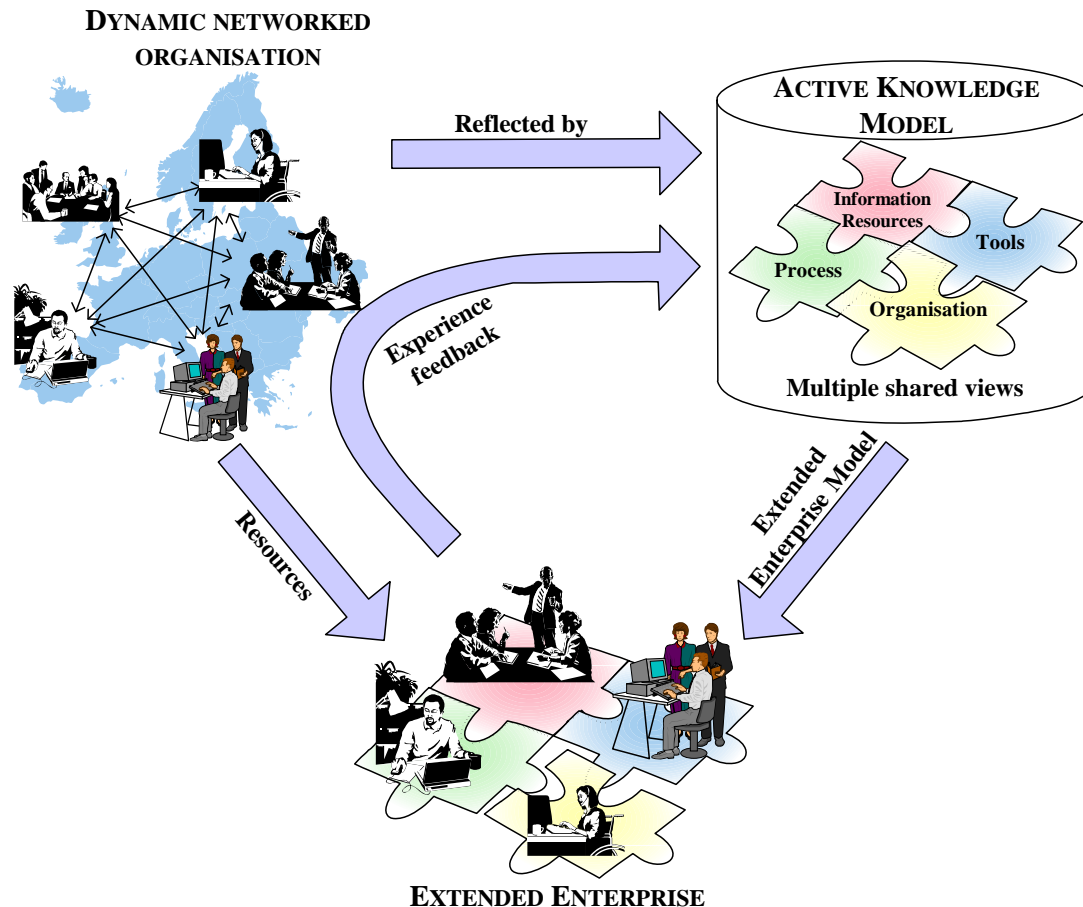
## Value Chain Networks



### Legend:

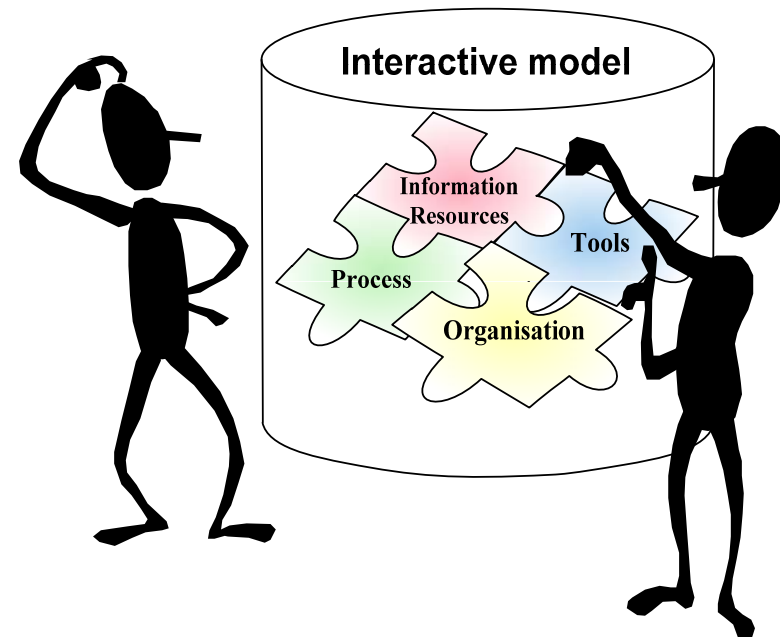
- Sensors
- Mobile Device
- Service

# Interactive models to support loosely couple processes in extended enterprises



# Interactive (active) models

- Visual (graphical) models of enterprise aspects (goals, tasks, roles, organizations, persons, information, systems...)
- Available for normal users to be viewed, traversed, analyzed, simulated, executed, and adapted
- Changes to the models influence the information systems supporting (part of) the enterprise



## International organizations supporting other international organizations

- Case: Veritas certification
- Company providing similar service (certification) in many countries,
- A need to support international clients in the same way everywhere
- Attempted to streamline the process across countries
- Needed to relate to different cultures and national constraints
- -> Harmonized rather than standardized process

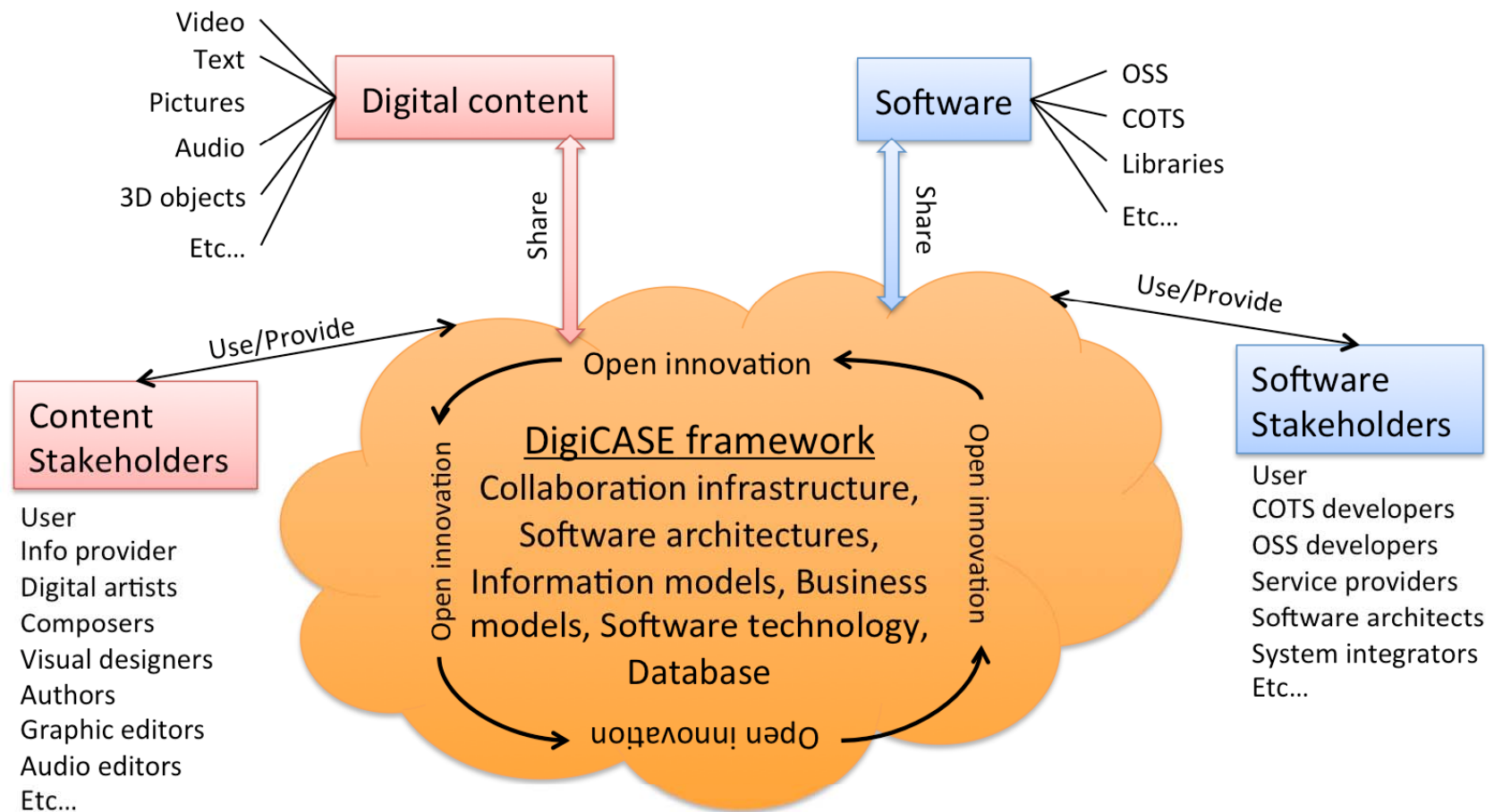
## From EU Ministerial declaration on eGovernment (November 2009)

- *Mobility in the Single Market is reinforced by seamless eGovernment services for the setting up and running of a business and for studying, working, residing and retiring anywhere in the European Union*
- -> but relates to different legislations, cultures etc.

# Systems being provided by ecosystems of prosumers rather than individual providers

- Information systems to a lesser degree developed in-house
- Increasing use of packaged systems
- Increasing levels of outsourcing of development, maintenance, operations, and user support
- From primarily internal users to a mix of internal and external users
- Consumers of software services and content turns to prosumers
- Open source solutions are increasingly more used
- Need to understand the added value of a more open business model

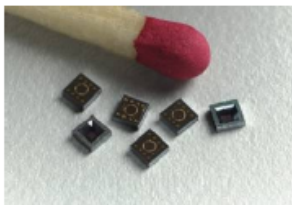
# Digital content and software ecosystems



# Enter the Internet of things (IoT)

## Trends

- 10 000 M microprocessors produced every year
- Short range communications cost towards zero
- Significant improvements in energy usage
- Macro, micro and touch positioning
- Most processors will be on net in the future

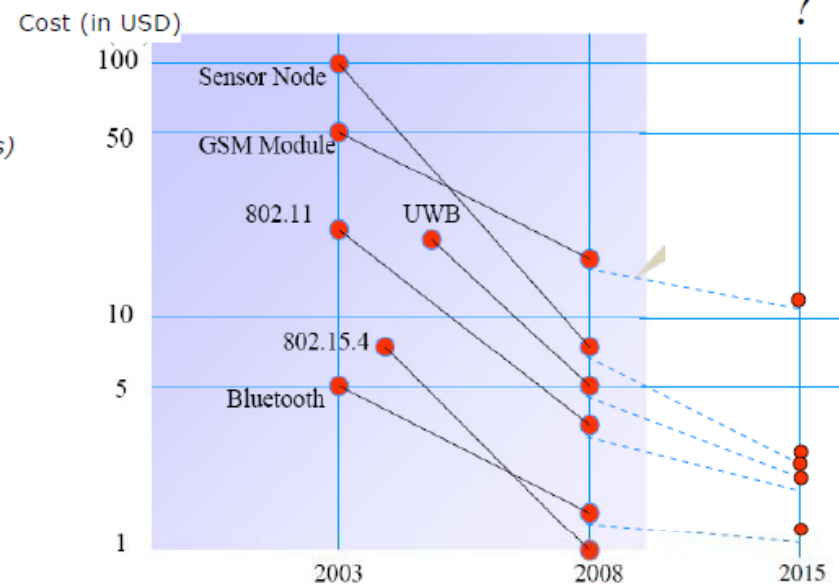
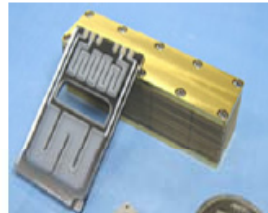


*Tiny MEMS (Micro ElectroMechanic Systems) exist as temperature sensors, gyroscopes, microphones etc*

*Small low cost modems  
30x36x4.8Xmm*



*Microenergy sources*





# Business applications following EDA – Event-driven architecture

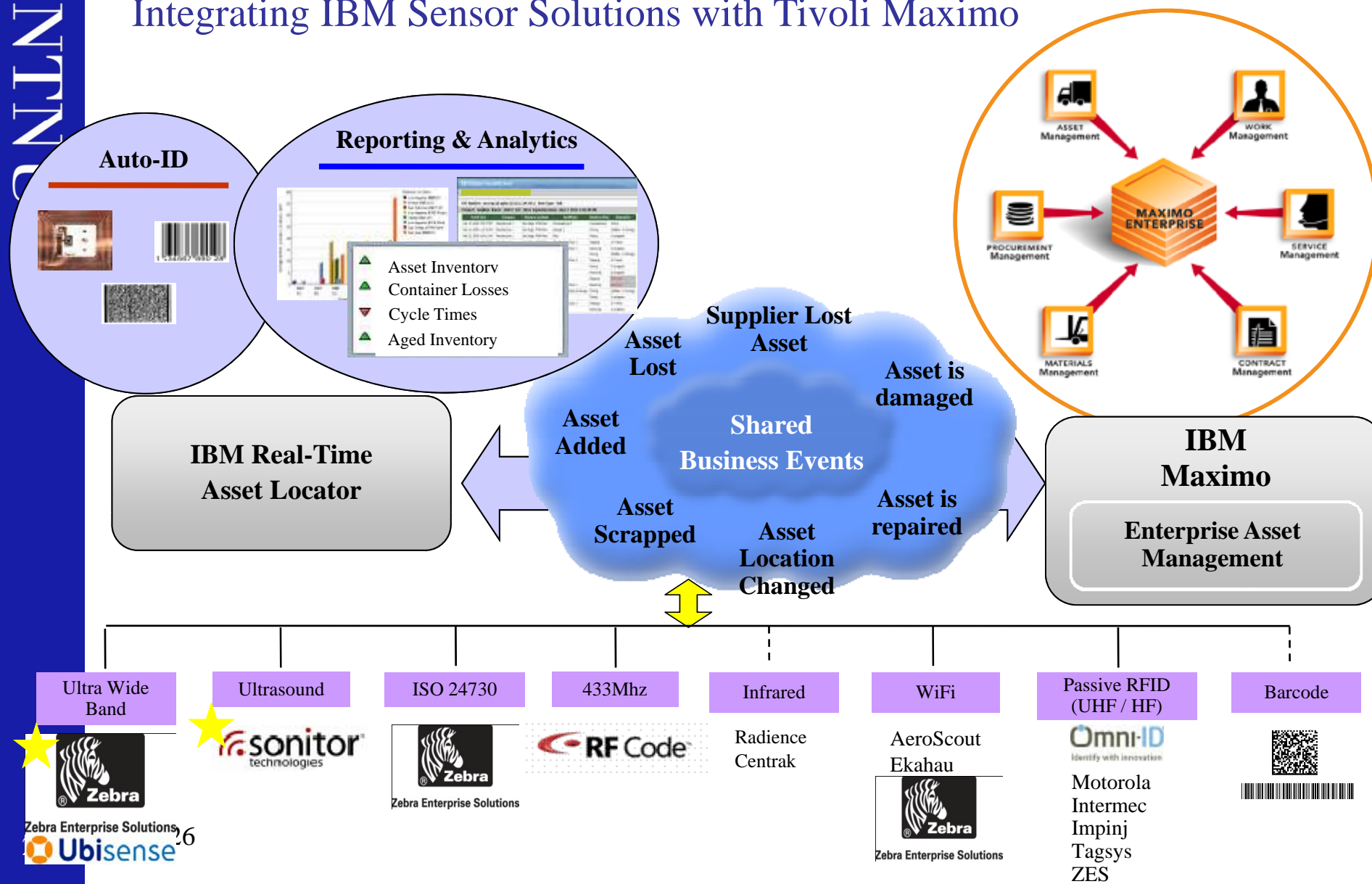
- Report current events as they happens
- Pushes notification on events
- Consumer system respond immediately on event
- One-way communication
- Notifications free of commands
- Event-driven and minimally coupled



NTN

# End-to-End Solution Stack

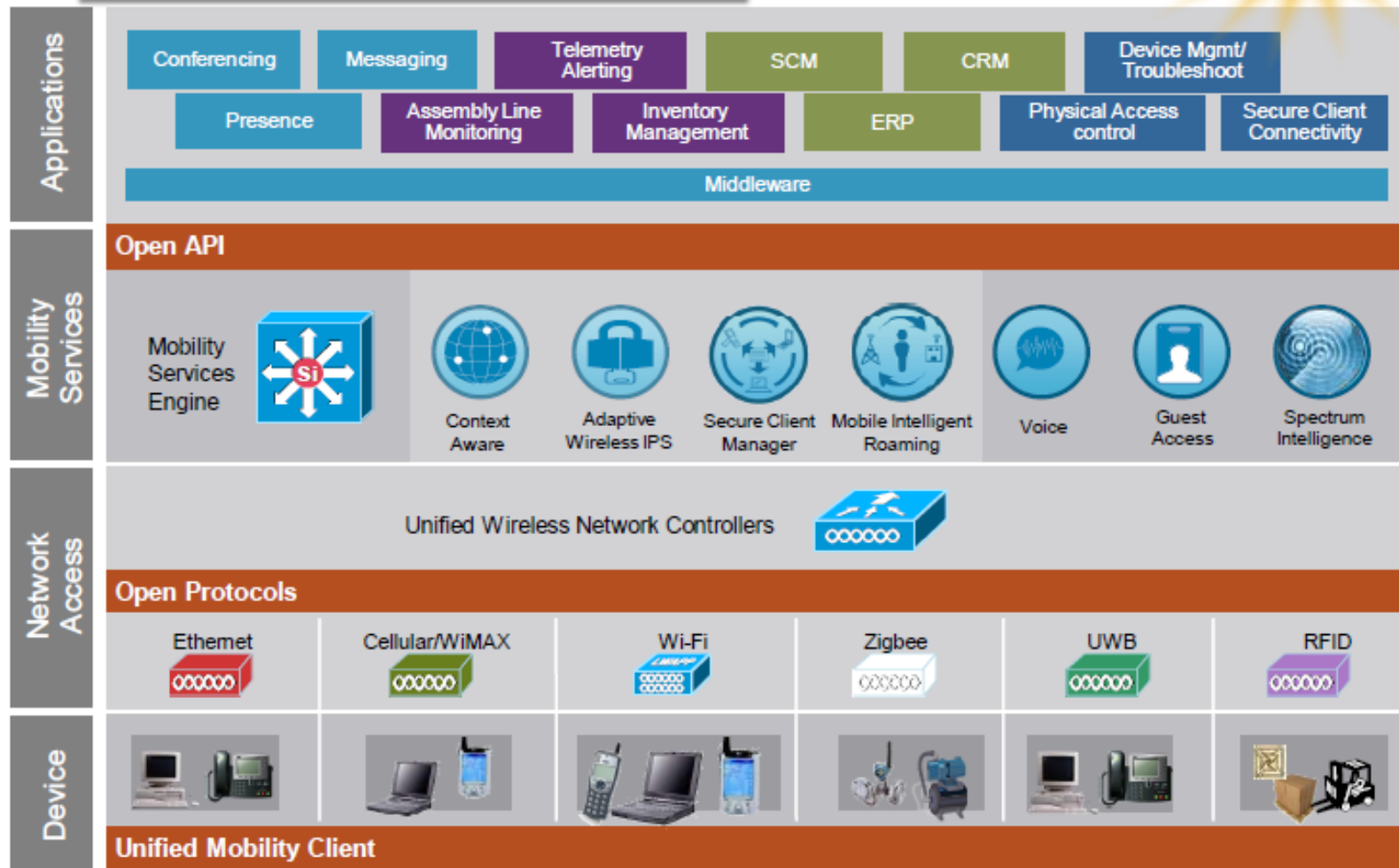
Integrating IBM Sensor Solutions with Tivoli Maximo



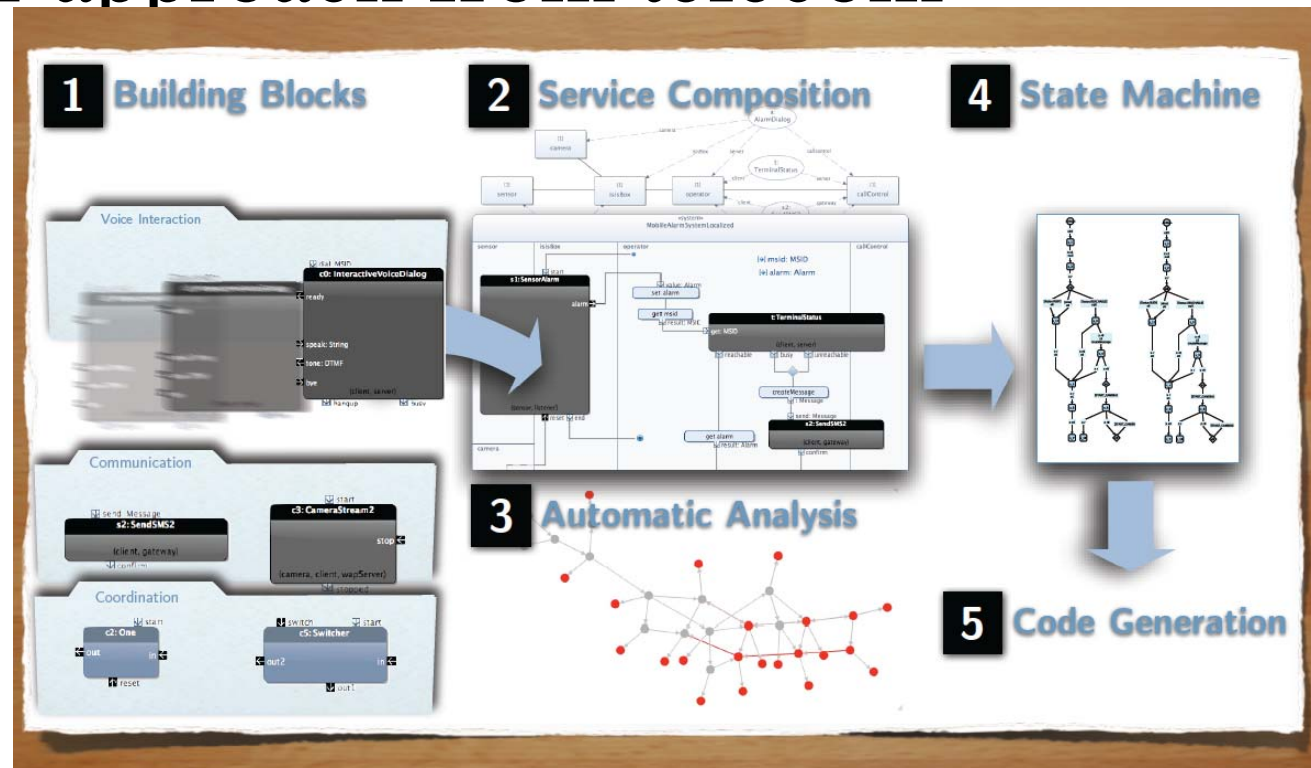
# Cisco Mobility Services Engine

Unifying the Mobility Network

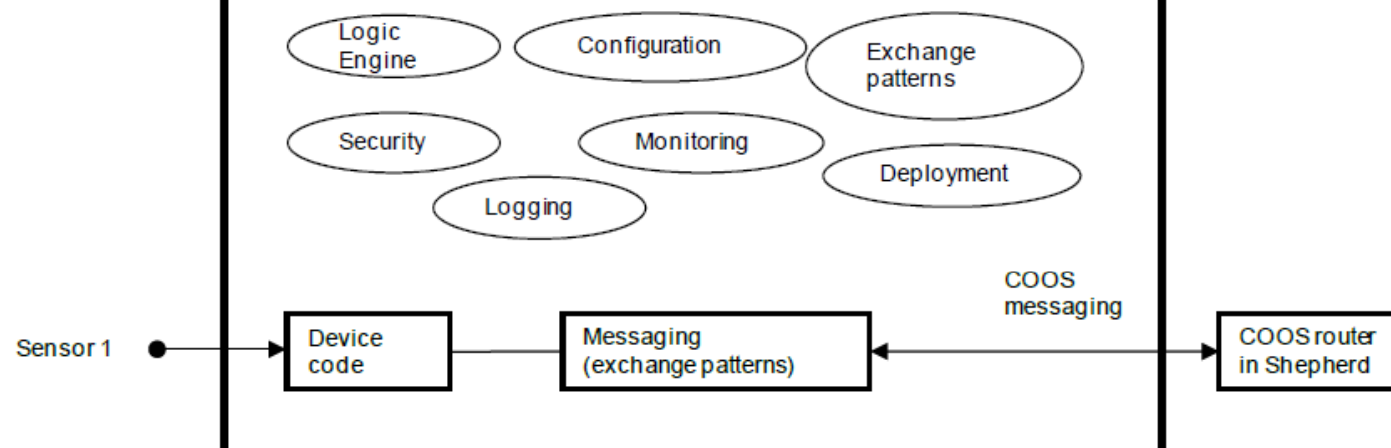
**New!**



# Similar approach from telecom



## COOS Endpoint



# Summary on trends and challenges

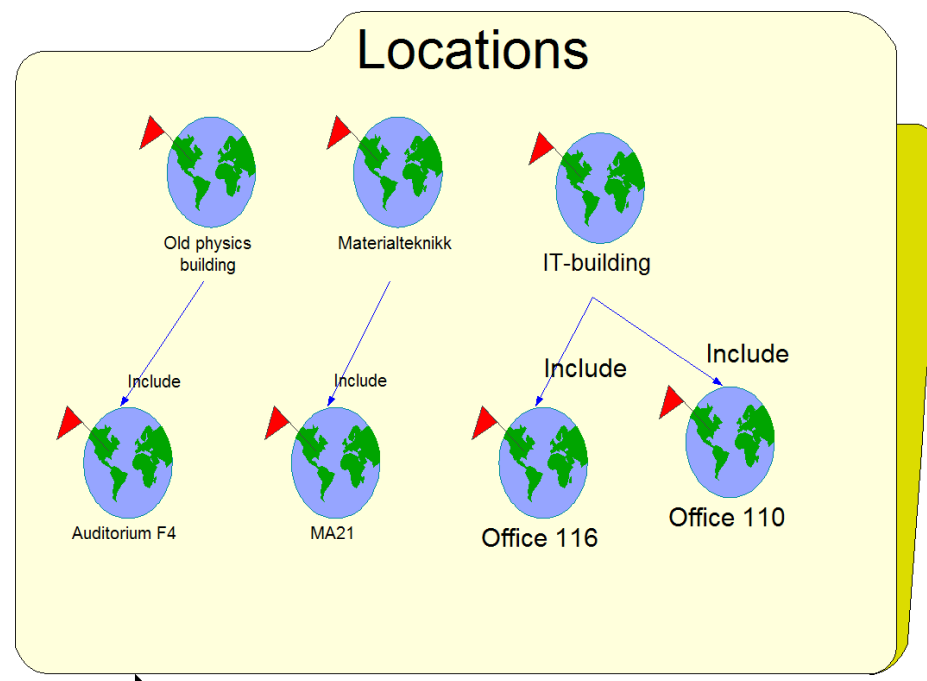
- business processes are potentially *increasingly interconnected* within and across organizational boundaries
- the *number of processes* an organization has to cope with *is rapidly increasing*
- An increasing number of types of stakeholders is involved
- modern technology is generating large streams of *event data* representing the *states* of different *processes*
- different devices are used to access the business information systems in different situations necessitating a *flexible multi-channel support*
- Additional concepts (e.g. *location*) needs to be represented

# Motivation for modeling location

- 'Where' is increasingly relevant
  - Supply Chain Management/Logistics
  - Virtual organization
  - Eco-systems of providers
  - Mobile applications and information systems
- And it is possible to utilize 'where' to a larger degree (also real time) to know where users, equipment and goods should be, are or where at a certain time

# Representation of location

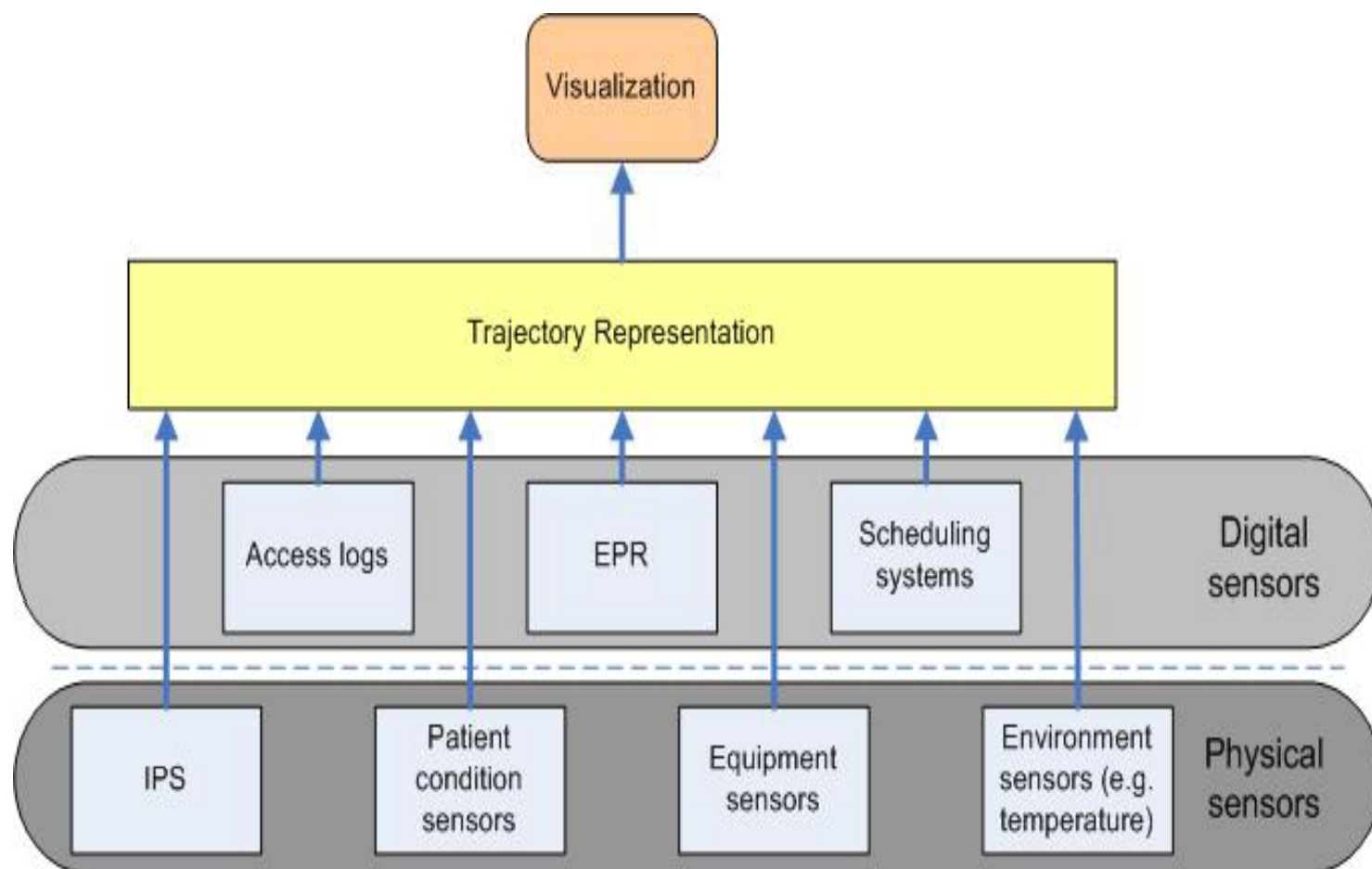
- Maps of different types
- Topological diagrams
- Conceptual representation of place and space in enterprise modeling



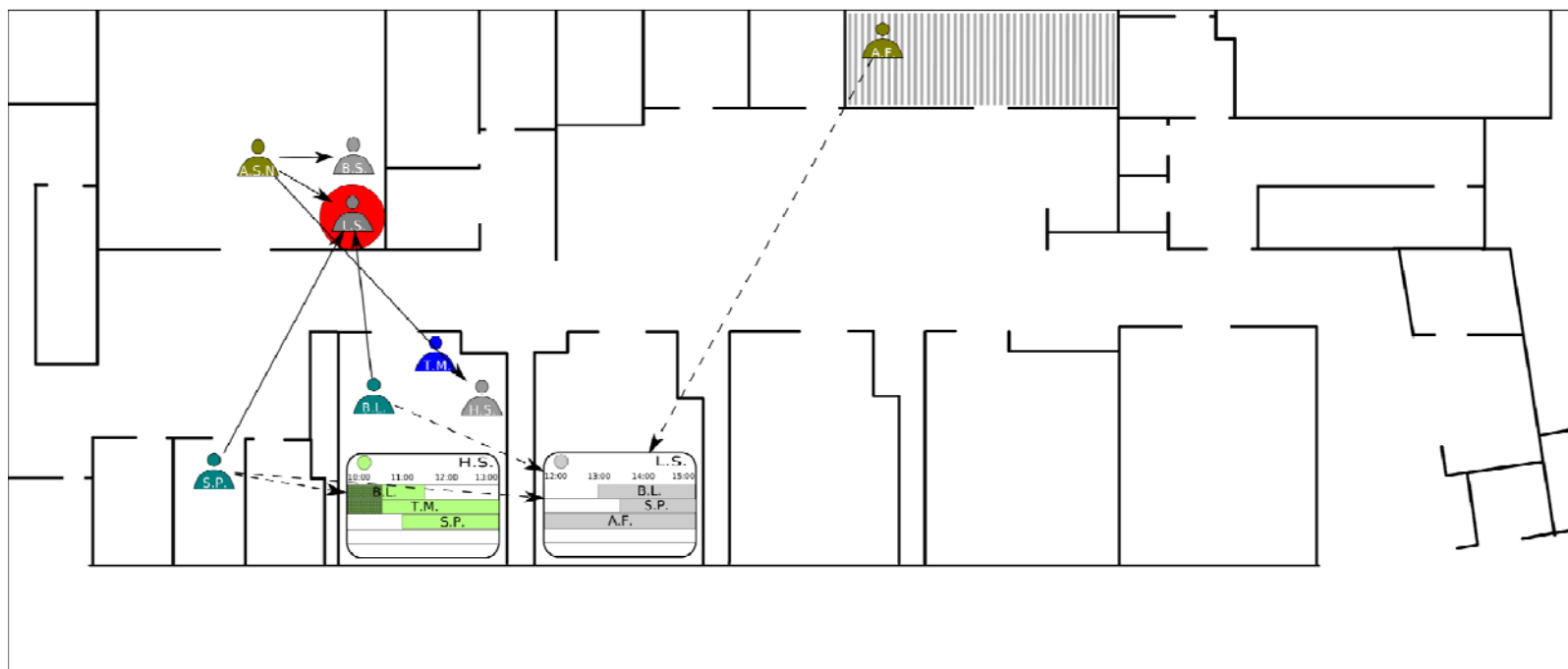
## Example – representation of space

- COSTT – Co-operation Support Through Transperancy
- Case in the hospital domain
- Utilize the possibility to detect location of persons and equipment automatically real-time (RTLS- Real time Location Systems)
- Support of self-coordination of task
- Need a representation of aspects related to location, time and concepts to support continous replanning

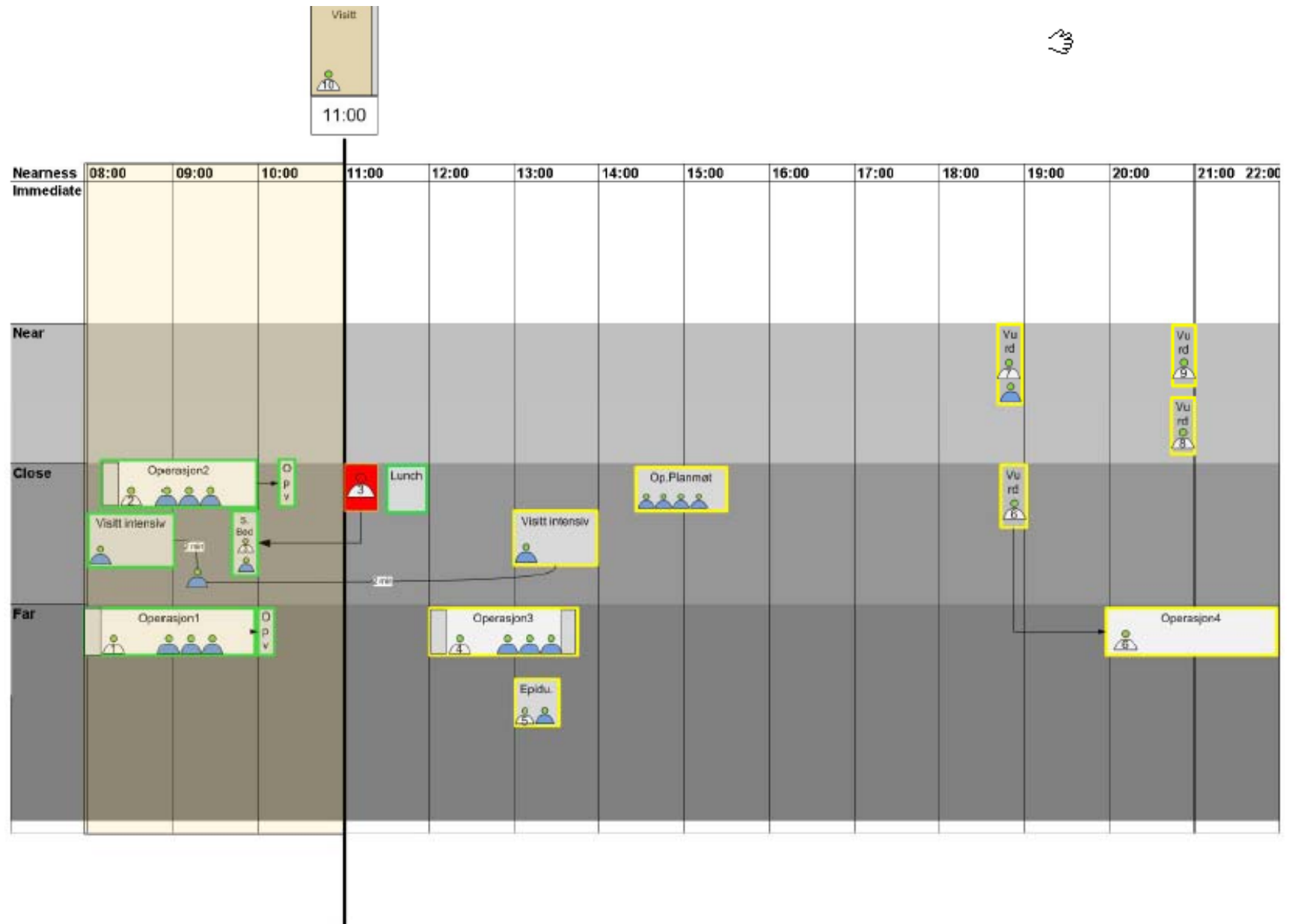




# 'Naive' representation

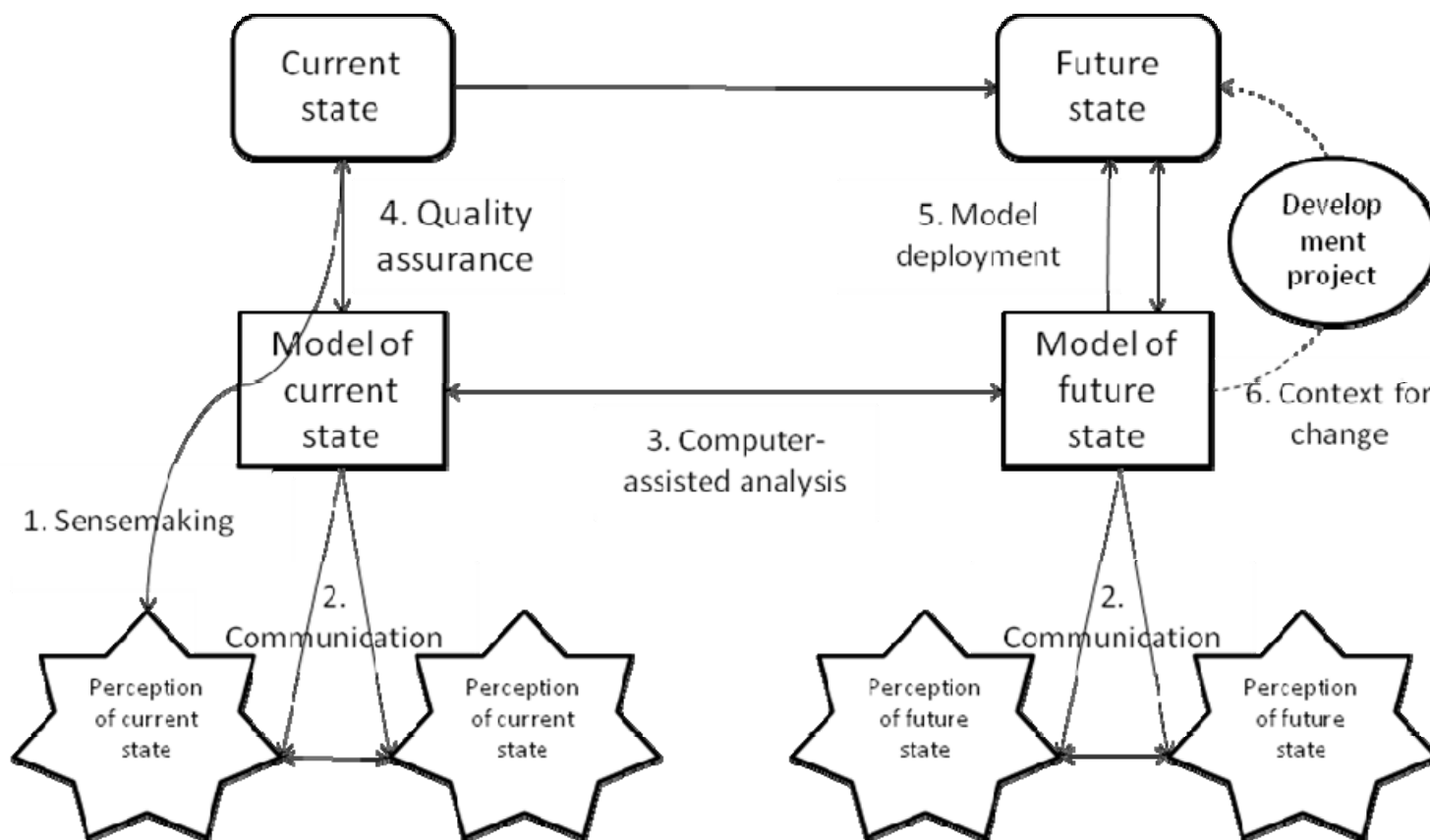


# Representation with emphasis on time

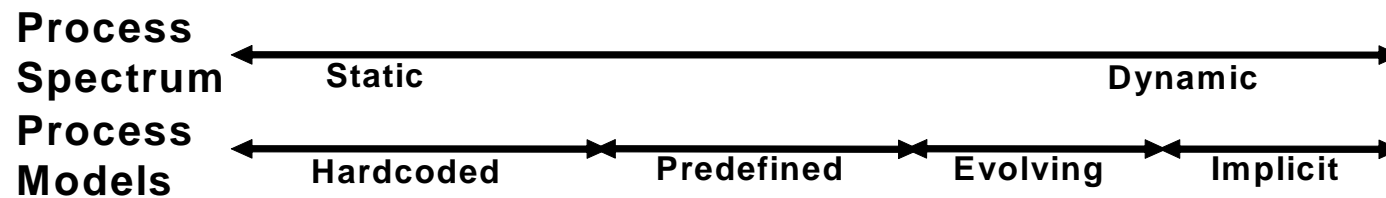




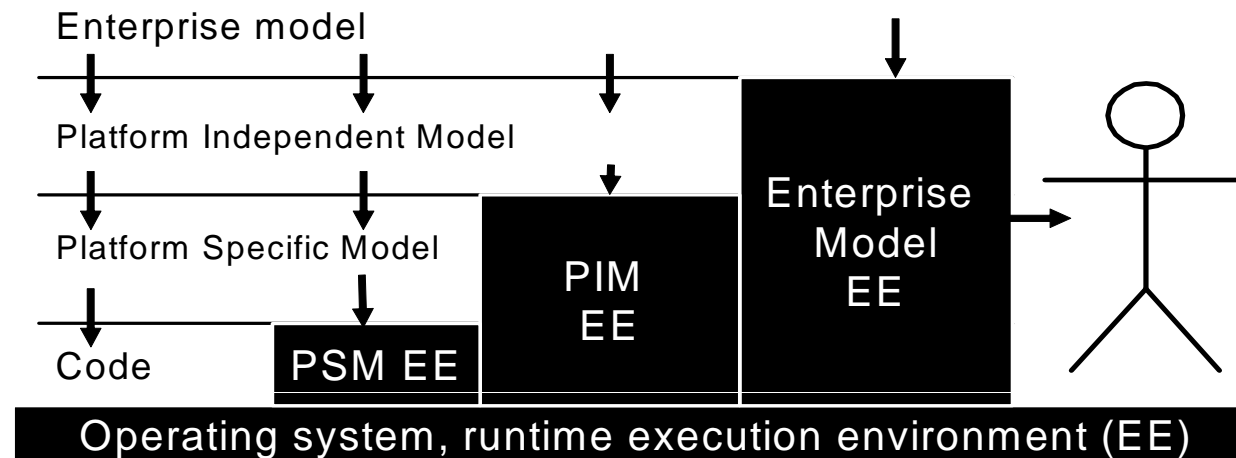
# Usage of modeling and models



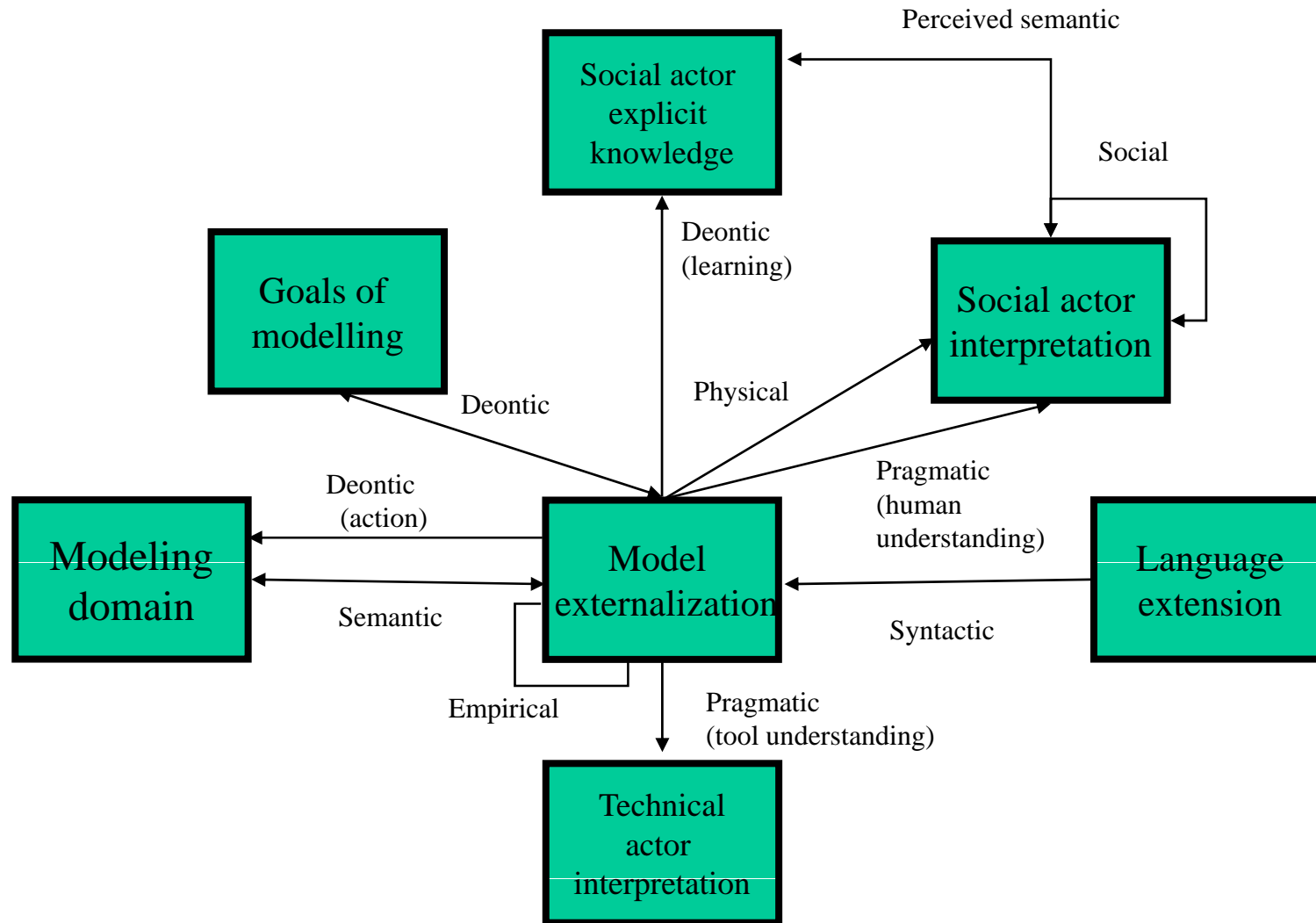
# Different execution environment for different process models



## Model-driven solutions:



# Quality of models revisited



# Summary

- The future internet gives new challenges and opportunities for business information systems
- This give new challenges and opportunities for modelling
  - Interaction and federation vs automation and global consistency
- Some of these one have tried to attack for quite some time
- But the adoption of many important solutions are slow
- Existing knowledge on modeling can be reused and adapted (but again, knowledge adoption are slow)



# Questions ?

- Coming up: PoEM 2011 – Practice of Enterprise Modeling , Oslo, Norway, November 2-3, 2011
- EMMSAD 2012 and CAiSE 2012 : Gdansk , Poland June 25-29 2012 (call for papers, CAiSE November 30, EMMSAD February 2012)
- John Krogstie: Model-based Development and Evolution of Information Systems: A Quality Approach, Springer 2012

## Selected references

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- Andresen, S. H., Krogstie, J., & Jelle, T. (2007a). *Lab and Research Activities at Wireless Trondheim*. Paper presented at the 4.th IEEE International Symposium on Wireless Communication Systems (ISWCS'07) See also <http://research.idi.ntnu.no/trimaks>
- IFIP WG8.1 <https://research.idi.ntnu.no/ifip-wg81/>
- EMMSAD : <http://www.emmsad.org>